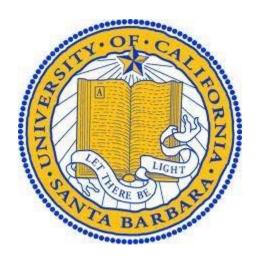
UC Santa Barbara Hearing Conservation Program Manual

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I. Purpose/Introduction

The purpose of this program is to protect UCSB employees from hearing loss due to occupational noise exposure. Although UCSB attempts to control noise to the greatest extent possible, certain operations may expose faculty, staff, or students to significant noise levels. All personnel who are regularly exposed to occupational noise levels at or exceeding an 8-hour time-weighted average (TWA) of 85 dBA, measured on the A-scale (slow response) or, equivalently, a fifty percent dose, must be included in the Hearing Conservation Program (HCP). This applies only to employees who incur exposure as part of their regularly assigned job duties.

This program was written to comply with Cal/OSHA regulations for Hearing Conservation (CCR, Title 8, Section 5097).

II. Applicability/Scope

The UCSB Hearing Conservation Program, through the requirements described in this manual, establishes procedures and responsibilities for UCSB students, faculty, staff, and volunteers while engaged in University related activities.

III. Roles/Responsibilities

A. Department Heads and Chairs

Directors and Department Chairs are responsible for:

- Providing the necessary resources to ensure the health and safety of their employees;
- Identifying individuals as supervisors and ensuring they are trained on their health and safety responsibilities;
- Ensuring departmental compliance with campus health and safety policies and procedures;
- Ensuring workplace hazards are identified and controlled.

B. Managers, Supervisors, and Principal Investigators

Managers, Supervisors, and Principal Investigators are responsible for:

- Ensuring their units understand and comply with the requirements of this program, and workers enrolled in the hearing conservation program complete training and an audiogram baseline, and do so annually thereafter;
- Identifying noisy operations and controlling noise generated to the greatest extent possible;
- Requesting EH&S evaluate noisy operations that cannot be controlled;
- Providing hearing protective devices to employees and ensuring that employees use such devices when appropriate;
- Ensuring employees exposed to noise levels at or above the Action Level are enrolled in the HCP;
- Posting signage in noisy areas requiring the use of hearing protection.

C. Employees, Students and Volunteers:

Employees, Students, and Volunteers are responsible for:

- Understanding and complying with campus health and safety policies and procedures;
- Notifying their supervisor or EH&S about any hazardous conditions observed on the worksite;
- Wearing approved hearing protective devices when required;
- Completing annual training and annual audiogram exams.
- Maintaining hearing protection in sanitary condition and proper working order;

 Reporting noise hazards and hearing protection problems to the appropriate supervisor or EH&S.

D. Office of Environmental Health & Safety (EH&S)

The UCSB Hearing Conservation Program is administered by the Office of Environmental Health and Safety. EH&S is responsible for:

• Designating an individual who is qualified by appropriate training and/or experience to administer the program.

E. Program Administrator

The Program Administrator will function as a technical resource to departments and will assist them in carrying out their responsibilities as necessary. Additionally, the Respiratory Protection Program Administrator is responsible for:

- Developing and maintaining the Hearing Conservation Program and ensuring it meets all applicable regulatory requirements;
- Monitoring work site noise levels through either area and/or personal monitoring as requested, and informing employees and supervisors of results;
- Recommending appropriate engineering and administrative noise control measures.
- Assisting employees in the selection of proper protective devices and providing instruction on their use;
- Developing and providing training on noise hazards and hearing conservation.
- Assessing the effectiveness of the program as described in this document.

F. Sansum Occupational Medicine Clinic (SOMC)

Sansum Occupational Medicine Clinic (SOMC) is responsible for:

- Providing baseline, annual, and post-employment audiometric exams using properly calibrated instruments to ensure measurement accuracy;
- Establishing any work restrictions necessary to prevent additional hearing loss;
- Communicating audiogram results, restrictions, and any identified standard threshold shifts to EH&S, the employee, and their supervisor.

IV. Definitions

Action level - The exposure at which an employee must be enrolled in the Hearing Conservation Program. *Cal/OSHA has set the current action level at an 85 A-weighted decibels (dBA) average measured on the A-scale (slow response) over an eight-hour period or a 50 percent dose.

Audiometric testing - Exams that measure the sensitivity of a person's hearing threshold in decibels. The testing also establishes a baseline hearing threshold that is compared to later exams to determine if hearing loss has occurred.

Decibel (dB) - The standard unit used to measure sound level. The A-weighted decibel scale, abbreviated as dBA, is commonly used to measure sounds heard by the human ear. The decibel scale is logarithmic, and every three dBA is a doubling of the sound level.

Hertz (Hz) - The unit of measure for noise frequency in cycles per second. (1 cycle/ second = 1Hz

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Permissible exposure limit (PEL) - The maximum legal noise exposure, established by Cal/OSHA. The current 8-hour time-weighted average Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) for noise is 90 dBA (2016).

Program Administrator - The individual appointed by the Office of Environmental Health and Safety (EH&S) who is qualified by appropriate training and/or experience to administer the program.

Noise reduction rating (NRR) - A measure of the noise reduction that a given hearing protective device provides.

Standard threshold shift (STS) - A change in hearing threshold relative to the baseline audiogram of an average of 10 dBA or more at 2000, 3000, and 4000 Hz in either ear.

UCSB Recommended Exposure Limit – The maximum recommended noise exposure, established by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). The current 8-hour time-weighted average Threshold Limit Value (TLV) for noise is 85 dBA (2016).

V. Program Requirements

A. Noise Reduction and Controls

Excessive noise shall be reduced or eliminated whenever possible. This shall include the implementation of engineering and/or administrative controls, when feasible. When engineering and administrative controls are not feasible, or during the evaluation and implementation of such controls, hearing protective equipment shall be used to protect employees as needed from excessive noise exposure.

Engineering Controls

Engineering controls are used to control the hazard at its source and should be implemented prior to using administrative controls whenever possible. The basic concept behind engineering controls is that, to the extent feasible, the work environment and the job itself should be designed to eliminate hazards or reduce exposure to hazards. These may include:

- Quieter machinery
- Quieter processes
- Reduction of noise transmission
- · Isolation of equipment or equipment operator
- · Proper maintenance of machinery and equipment
- Purchasing procedures that specify criteria for maximum noise levels

Administrative Controls

Administrative controls do not reduce or eliminate the hazard; they simply reduce employee exposure to the hazard. Administrative controls may include:

- Rotation of employees to limit individual exposure times
- · Flexible machinery operation schedules to limit exposures
- Work task arrangements that reduce the time an employee must spend in a noisy area

B. Noise Assessments and Exposure Monitoring

Noise exposure is described either in terms of an 8-hour time-weighted average sound level or a noise dose (in percent of the Permissible Exposure Limit). When employee exposure to

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occupational noise is equal to or exceeds an 8-hour time-weighted average of 85 dBA, or equivalently, a dose of 50 percent or greater, the employee must be included in the HCP.

Employees or their supervisors should contact EH&S to schedule noise monitoring if they suspect exposures to excessive noise on the job, or if previously monitored noise levels have changed due to modifications to equipment or processes. EH&S should also be contacted to schedule monitoring if the hearing protection in use is suspected of being inadequate. If desired, employees or their representatives may observe the noise monitoring procedure by arranging with EH&S prior to the date of the monitoring. An employee's exposure shall be determined using the methods listed below.

Preliminary Noise Assessment

A preliminary noise assessment consists of a walkthrough of all facility areas with a sound-level meter to identify operations or areas where employees may be exposed to hazardous noise levels. In this study, measurements are recorded as close as practical to the employee's workstation at approximated ear level. A facility layout or grid of plant areas may be useful for recording noise levels and identifying areas that require further study. While this study is intended as an overview of noise exposure, consideration should include variations in noise levels due to shift changes, operation of noise generating equipment, or other factors that could affect baseline levels.

Noise assessments are also used to identify campus locations or operations where noise levels exceed 90 dBA. These are areas where hearing protection should *always* be worn. Where information indicates that employees in that area may be exposed to noise levels equal to or exceeding the action level, individual exposure monitoring shall be conducted.

Exposure Monitoring

EH&S performs noise exposure monitoring for faculty, staff, and students who may be exposed to noise over Cal/OSHA's 85-decibel dBA action level on an eight-hour time-weighted average basis. Personal or area exposure monitoring is conducted using a noise dosimeter to identify employees and students for inclusion in the Hearing Conservation Program and to enable the proper selection of hearing protection.

Evaluations of employee exposure are recorded via the UCSB Noise Dosimetry Form. This form allows for the documentation of all necessary information including name of employee, job classification, employee number, date, location, and results of measurements, and description of the noise measurement equipment and calibration information. Persons whose noise exposures have been monitored will receive written notification of their exposure monitoring results from EH&S.

C. Program Enrollment

Persons whose eight-hour time-weighted average noise exposure exceeds the action level must be enrolled in the Hearing Conservation Program. These individuals will be required to receive audiometric testing, participate in hearing conservation training and wear hearing protection annually or sooner if appropriate. Persons whose eight-hour time-weighted average noise exposure is less than 85 dBA will not be enrolled in the campus Hearing Conservation Program, and generally do not require audiometric testing or training. However, they may still don hearing protection to decrease nuisance noise.

Examples of campus personnel who may exceed the Action Level and require enrollment in the HCP are:

- Campus Shop Workers
- Emergency Responders

- Engineering Students, Faculty, and Staff
- Facilities Management Staff
- Grounds Keepers
- Housing and Residential Services Staff

In order to remain enrolled in the UCSB Hearing Conservation Program, individuals must be up to date on all training and audiometric test requirements. EH&S will notify program enrollees and their supervisors approximately one (1) month before the person becomes due for training or audiometric testing. When an individual is three (3) or more months overdue for one or more of the enrollment requirements, EH&S will notify the employee and their supervisor that the user has been unenrolled from the program, and that they shall no longer perform work activities that require enrollment in the Hearing Conservation Program.

D. Audiometric Testing

When an employee is enrolled in the UCSB Hearing Conservation Program, they must complete baseline, annual, and post-employment audiometric tests. Audiometric tests can be scheduled by calling Sansum Occupational Medicine Clinic (898-3311) or a licensed company that is certified to test workers at their workplace site. It is the responsibility of the supervisor of the identified department to schedule audiometric exams. The cost of the audiograms will be covered by the employee's department.

To ensure accuracy, the audiometric test should be preceded by at least 14 hours without exposure to workplace or non-workplace noise. This will reduce the potential for the employee to be suffering from a temporary threshold shift, which would result in an incorrect evaluation of the employee's hearing threshold. This requirement may be met by wearing hearing protectors, which will reduce the employee's exposure to a sound level of 80 dBA or below.

Baseline Audiograms

Everyone enrolled in the Hearing Conservation Program must undergo testing to establish a baseline audiogram and to determine the person's "hearing threshold" and against which to compare to all subsequent audiograms. It is desirable to obtain the baseline audiogram as soon as possible (preferably within 60 days) from the date of the employee's first exposure to high noise levels and that employees be protected from workplace noise for at least 14 hours prior to the audiometric test in order to obtain a valid measurement.

Annual Audiogram

Audiograms shall also be obtained at least annually for each employee exposed at or above the time-weighted average of 85 dBA. The employer must notify employees of the need to avoid high levels of non-occupational noise exposure during the 14-hour period preceding the audiometric examination to obtain a valid measurement.

Post-Employment Audiogram

Post-employment audiograms must be completed when an employee leaves the job or workplace where he or she is no longer routinely exposed to noise levels at or above an 8-hour time-weighted average of 85 dBA. It is the responsibility of the employee and the supervisor to complete a post-employment audiogram. It is important to ensure that employees are protected from workplace noise for at least 14 hours before the audiometric test to obtain a valid measurement.

Evaluation of the Audiogram

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An audiologist will evaluate audiometric test results and schedule any necessary follow-up evaluations. When medical personnel identify an employee with a significant threshold shift or a baseline audiogram showing early indications of hearing loss (i.e., an existing hearing level of 25 dB or greater between 500 and 4000 Hz, according to ANSI s3.6-1969), this information will be provided to EH&S so the appropriate hearing conservation and training activities can be initiated to reduce the potential for further hearing loss. The employee will be notified of these results in writing within 30 days. He or she will be retrained on the hazards and precautions of working in noisy environments and will be issued hearing protective devices if they are determined appropriate by EH&S and SOMC. Other modifications to the workplace may also be needed to reduce noise exposures to prevent additional hearing loss.

E. Significant Threshold Shifts

In the event that a significant threshold shift is detected, the employee should undergo another audiogram within 30 days of the first test to confirm the threshold shift. If a comparison of the annual audiogram to the baseline audiogram indicates a standard threshold shift, the employee shall be informed of this fact, in writing, within 21 days of the determination.

If a physician determines that the standard threshold shift is work-related or aggravated by occupational noise exposure, the following steps shall be taken when a standard threshold shift occurs:

- 1. An employee not using hearing protectors shall be fitted with hearing protectors, trained in their use and care, and required to use them.
- 2. An employee already using hearing protectors shall be refitted and retrained in the use of hearing protectors and provided with hearing protectors offering greater attenuation if necessary.
- 3. Exposure monitoring shall be conducted to reassess the employee's exposure to noise.
- 4. Refer the employee for a clinical audiological evaluation or an otological examination, as appropriate, if additional testing is necessary or if the employer suspects that a medical pathology of the ear is caused or aggravated by the wearing of hearing protectors.
- 5. Inform the employee of the need for an otological examination if a medical pathology of the ear, which is unrelated to the use of hearing protectors, is suspected.

F. Hearing Protection Equipment

Provision of Hearing Protection Equipment

Where required, departments shall provide hearing protection to employees at no cost. Hearing equipment shall be immediately replaced by the department when broken, defective, or unsanitary. EH&S can help determine appropriate types of hearing protection for specific situations and provide training on its proper use and care upon request.

Selection of Hearing Protection Equipment

Hearing protection shall exceed the minimum noise attenuation rating required to ensure the employee's noise exposure is below the permissible exposure limit. For employees who have experienced a standard threshold shift, hearing protectors must attenuate employee exposures to an 8-hour time-weighted average of 85 decibels or below. Employees shall be given the opportunity to provide input in the selection process.

Hearing Protection Noise Attenuation

Noise Reduction Rating (NRR) is a unit of measurement used to determine the effectiveness of hearing protection devices in decreasing sound exposure within a given working environment. The higher the NRR number associated with a hearing protector, the greater the noise attenuation it

provides. However, the effectiveness of hearing protection can be greatly reduced if the hearing protectors do not fit or are not worn properly, or if they are worn only part time during periods of noise exposure. The adequacy of hearing protector attenuation shall be reevaluated whenever employee noise exposures increase to the extent that the hearing protectors provided may no longer provide adequate attenuation.

When selecting hearing protection the following method by which to estimate the adequacy of hearing protection attenuation shall be used:

- 1. Obtain the employee's A-weighted TWA.
- 2. Subtract 7 dB from the NRR, and subtract the remainder from the A-weighted TWA to obtain the estimated A-weighted TWA under the ear protector.

Use of Hearing Protection Equipment

It is the responsibility of managers, principal investigators, and supervisors to ensure that campus personnel wear appropriate hearing protection when required.

At UCSB, the use of hearing protection is required:

- For all personnel exposed above the 85 dBA TWA action level.
- During operations or in areas where the ambient noise levels meet or exceed 90 dBA.
- For all individual who have experienced a standard threshold shift.
- In all areas posted or otherwise designated as requiring hearing protection.

F. Signage

In all locations where noise levels are expected to exceed 90 dBA due to the operation of noisy equipment or machinery, signage must be installed to warn people that they must wear hearing protection when the noisy equipment is in use. For example, in the various pump stations across campus, signage has been installed stating, "Hearing protection must be worn when pumps are operating".

G. Training

Hearing conservation training is required for all employees who are enrolled in the HCP. Additionally, information regarding the Hearing Conservation shall be available to all employees through the UCSB Hearing Conservation Website, employee orientation, job training and instruction, specific training programs, or periodic safety meetings. See Section VI for specific HCP enrollee training requirements if it is applicable to their job tasks.

VI. Training Requirements

Hearing conservation training is required for all employees who are enrolled in the HCP and shall be repeated at least annually. Training is provided through UCSB's online learning center and by EH&S upon request. Furthermore, EH&S can customize training for specific workgroups.Both the employee's department and EH&S shall maintain training records (See Section VII for specific record keeping requirements). Training topics shall include the following:

- The effects of noise on hearing;
- The purpose of hearing protectors, the advantages, disadvantages, and attenuation of various types, and instructions on selection, fitting, use, and care;
- The purpose of audiometric testing, and an explanation of the test procedures.
- Areas where hearing protection must be worn;
- Requirements of UCSB's Hearing Conservation Program.

VII. Record Keeping

A. Exposure Monitoring

Noise exposure measurement records are maintained by the Industrial Hygiene division of EH&S. Area noise exposure data are retained for a minimum of two years, and personal exposure data are retained indefinitely. The most recent calibration records of instruments used in assessments will be kept.

B. Audiometric Testing

Audiometric test results are maintained by the employee's department and should be retained for the duration of the person's employment at UCSB. SOMC can provide prior copies of audiometric test records at the department's request.

Employees have the right to review records of their noise exposure data and audiometric tests. It is a common procedure that these records are made available to employees.

C. Training

Departments shall retain training records for at least ten years after the person has retired or left University employment. Training completed/recorded on the Learning Management System (LMS) is kept indefinitely.

VIII. References

State Regulations:

<u>Hearing Conservation Program</u>, California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 5097, California Department of Industrial Relations **State regulations**:

Title 8, California Code of Regulations, Article 105, Sections 5096-5100: "Control of Noise Exposure"

Federal Regulations:

29 CFR 1910.95: "Occupational Noise Exposure"

American National Standards Institute (ANSI):

S1.11-1971: "Specification for Octave, Half-Octave, and Third-Octave Band

Filter Sets"

S1.25-1978: "Specification for Personal Noise Dosimeters"

S1.4-1971: "Specification for Sound Level Meters"

S3.6-1969: "Specifications for Audiometers"

IX. Issued By and Next Review Date

Issued by:Priscilla Pouliot, Industrial Hygiene Specialist Date: April 2025 Review Date: Every 5 years

X. Attachments

Attachment A: Sansum Audiometric Evaluation Form

Attachment A



AUDIOMETRIC EVALUATION FORM

Name (Last)	First N	am e	MI.	Emplo	yer:			
Last 4 digits Social	Security #	Date of Birth	Sex	Occup	ation			
Home Address		City/S	tate	Zip Co	ode	Date of Exam		
Do you currently	have or have	you recently h	adı					
Were you in comb: 12. All jobs includ 13. Are you expos	ss I surgery ctions wax r pain drum r ears uting hearing k oise in previou oise in the mil Army I at? ed, how may y ed to off-the-j	oss is jobs itary service Vavy Ai vears have you v	vorked in notorcyc	les, firearms, loud	1 music,	Yes Both Both Both Both Both Yes Yes Yes Yes	No No No No No No No No No No No No	
14. Do you have a					Right		No Both No	c
 Do you wear a Do you have a Are you taking At the end of y Did you work Did you work Did you use he Is there anyon Do you smoke 	cold? an antibiotic? your shift do y in noise today earing protecti e in your famil	our ears ring? ? Hours since li on? What type? y who uses a he	ast on th	e job?	ight	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	No No No No No No No	

I certify that the above statements and answers to the above questions are accurate to the best of my knowledge and that the results of my hearing test may be provided to my employer for the purpose of conducting a hearing conservation program.

Signature

Date



AUDIOMETRIC EVALUATION FORM

Name		(Last) ((First)		(M.I.)	(M.I.)			Employer				
Employee should be noise free for 14 hours prior to the audiogram. Note below if employee has not been noise free for 14 hours. Note number of noise free hours.														
Classif	ication:]	Baseline	Exam			/	Annual E	lxam				
*Repeat Exam at 14 hour noise f 40 hour noise f						free	Revised Baseline							
Left Es	at						Right E	lar						
500	1000	2000	3000	4000	6000	8000	500	1000	2000	3000	4000	6000	8000	
Left ear Right ear														
Otoscopy by														
Emplo	vee is:								Cleare	d-Basel	ine esta	blished		
Advised to return to clinic for a 14 hr. n free audiogram.						ioise			Cleared	l with no	o change	in Base	line	
Advised to return to clinic for a 40 hr. n free audiogram.						ioise			Cleared with change in Baseline					
									(Significant threshold shift confirmed) -AND- Referred to ENT for further				hift	
Referred to ENT for further evaluation non-work related hearing loss.						of					IT for fu nearing lo			
Physici	an's Sign	ature & l	Date											
101 S P Santa B	an's Prin 'atterson Jarbara, (5-898-33	Ave CA 9311	1	-9645		-								
Form Di	stribution:	Origina	l to Chart		Copyto) Patient	Copyto	Company	Contact P	ens on	Page 2	,		
OMC:Word/Forms(Rev 7/25/12)														